## **ROUTINE FACE 64 Sensation**

Indications	Trauma, Pain, Swelling				
Diagnostic Task	Detect fratures, edema, masses, or infection of the face				
Scan Mode	Helical				
Position/Landmark	Head first- Supine				
Topogram Direction	lateral 35mA 120kVp				
KV/Effective mAs	120kv 150mas				
Rotation time/pitch	1.0sec/0.55				
Detector Confituraiton	64x0.6				
table speed/Increment	21.12				
Dose Reduction	na				
Allowed CTDI ranges*	30mGy-80mGy				
XR29 Dose Notification V	80mGy				
Helical Set-SUPINE	body	thickness			recon
	recon part	spacing	kernel v	vindow	destination
	1 facial bones	1mmx 1mm	70 very sharp	neuro bone	pacs
	2 facial soft tissue	1mmx 1mm	31 medium smooth	mediastinum	n pacs
	3 coronal facial bones	1mmx1mm	70 very sharp	neuro bone	pacs
	4 sag facial bones	1mmx1mm	70 very sharp	neuro bone	pacs
	5 coronal facial soft tiss	sue 2mmx2mm	31medium smooth	mediastinum	n pacs
Scan start/end	can start/end 1cm superior to frontal sinus				
	thru mandible				
DFOV	25cm				
IV contrast volume/type	80ml under 250lbs 100ml over 250lbs isovue 370 2cc/sec if needed				
	Performed as directed by a the supervising radiologist				
Scan delay	60 seconds				
Mark rt side of face with BB.					

## NOTE\* The Diagnositc Reference Dose (CTDI vol) is 75mGy(with 16cm CTDI phantom). The pass/fail limit (ACR and Washington state) is 80mGy. Most routine head scans on modern scanners have CTDIvol ranges between 40 and 60mGy. \*The AAPM recommended NEXA XR29 Dose Notification Value for an adult head is 80mGy. The maximum CTDIvol should match the dose notification value. Exams with CTDI vol values less than the minimum allowed range should not be performed unless approved by a radiologist.