

# EKG Gated CTA Thoracic Aorta = CTA Chest (Outpatient)

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In accordance with the ALARA principle, TRA policies and protocols promote the utilization of radiation dose reduction techniques for all CT examinations. For scanner/protocol combinations that allow for the use of automated exposure control and/or iterative reconstruction algorithms while maintaining diagnostic image quality, those techniques can be employed when appropriate. For examinations that require manual or fixed mA/kV settings as a result of individual patient or scanner/protocol specific factors, technologists are empowered and encouraged to adjust mA, kV or other scan parameters based on patient size (including such variables as height, weight, body mass index and/or lateral width) with the goals of reducing radiation dose and maintaining diagnostic image quality.

If any patient at a TRA outpatient facility requires re-imaging, please obtain radiologist advice prior to proceeding with exam.

The following document is an updated CT protocol for all of the sites at which TRA is responsible for the administration, quality, and interpretation of CT examinations.

#### **Include for ALL exams**

- Scout: Send all scouts for all cases
- Reformats: Made from thinnest source acquisition
  - Scroll Display
    - Axial recons Cranial to caudal
    - Coronal recons Anterior to posterior
    - Sagittal recons Right to left
  - o Chest reformats should be in separate series from Abdomen/Pelvis reformats, where applicable
- mAs
  - Prefer: Quality reference mAs for specific exam, scanner and patient size
  - Auto mAs, as necessary



# **EKG Gated CTA Thoracic Aorta; Outpatient**

**Indication:** Thoracic aortic aneurysm, aortic dilation, aortic dissection, Thoracic EndoVascular Aortic Repair (TEVAR), etc

The Gated CTA Thoracic Aorta protocol should be performed as the default CTA thoracic aorta protocol for scanners capable of EKG gating, 7 days / week.

#### \*NOTES\*:

- Non-contrast: needed if patient has history of vascular surgery / aneurysm repair (TEVAR or ascending aortic graft repair for example)
- **Delayed phase** is needed if there is history of vascular stent (TEVAR) or for requested venous evaluation

Patient Position: Supine, feet down with arms above head

**Scan Range (CC z-axis):** Lung apices to bottom of heart / aortic hiatus (where aorta crosses the diaphragm (smaller field than routine Chest CT))

#### IV Contrast Dose, Flush, Rate and Delay:

Dose: (modify volume if using something other than Isovue 370)

< 200 lbs</li>
 > 200 lbs
 80 mL Isovue 370
 100 mL Isovue 370

Flush: 50 mL saline

• Rate: 4 mL/sec (20g or larger IV, at least 4 inches above wrist, or pressure injectable line)

Arterial delay: Bolus trigger off of Ascending Aorta (threshold 125HU)

**Acquisitions:** typically 1-arterial (see above for possible need for noncontract or delay acquisition) NOTES:

- Breathing (all phases): End inspiration
- kV (all phases): Scanner specified (Care kV for Siemens, BMI table for GE) or 80kV for < 150lbs, 100kV for 150 250 lbs, 120kV for > 250 lbs
- Coverage (all phases): lung apices to diaphragm hiatus / bottom of heart



#### Non contrast phase (hx of vascular stent (TEVAR) or Aortic repair, etc)

- Use this exam to ensure proper coverage for arterial scan
- Helical acquisition (non-EKG gated), thickness (slice) 1.0 1.25 mm

#### Arterial phase

- Trigger bolus off ascending aorta, threshold 125 HU
- o NOTE: Use care in setting of dissection due to false lumen, may require manual trigger
- o Acquisition helical thickness (slice) 0.6-0.75 mm
- EKG gating: Helical, dose-modulated Retrospective with 70-80% window; MinDose on Siemens

#### • Delay phase (if done - patients with stent/graft, s/p TEVAR, venous evaluation)

- Delay of 60 seconds (or 20 seconds after arterial finishes)
- o Acquisition helical thickness (slice) 1.0-1.25 mm
- EKG gating: Helical, dose-modulated Retrospective with 70-80% window; MinDose on Siemens

#### **Series + Reformats:**

- Non-contrast (if performed)
  - Axial 1.0-1.25 mm, FFOV, soft tissue kernel, (TERA / VIA)

#### Arterial

- Thin Axial 0.6-0.75 mm, coned down to aorta, soft tissue or Vascular kernel (TERA / VIA); Siemens: Best Diastolic, GE: 75%
- Axial 2-2.5 mm, FFOV, soft tissue kernel (TERA / VIA) Siemens: Best Diastolic, GE:
  75%
- o Axial 10 x 2 mm MIP, FFOV, soft tissue kernel
- o Coronal 2 x 2 mm, FFOV, soft tissue kernel
- Sagittal 2 x 2 mm, FFOV, soft tissue kernel
- Sagittal MIP 5 x 2 aorta, FFOV

## • **Delay** (if performed)

 Axial 1.0 – 1.25 mm, FFOV, soft tissue kernel (TERA / VIA) Siemens: Best Diastolic, GE: 75%



## \*\*\*Machine specific protocols are included below for reference\*\*

Machine specific recons (axial ranges given above for machine variability):

## \*NON-CONTRAST PHASE - Soft tissue (ST) Kernel, machine-specific thickness (axial):

- GE = 1.25 mm
- Siemens = 1.2 mm (or 1.5 mm on older generation)
- Toshiba = 1.5 mm

#### \*THIN, AXIAL ARTERIAL PHASE - Soft tissue (ST) Kernel, machine-specific thickness (axial):

- GE = 0.625 mm
- Siemens = 0.6 mm
- Toshiba = 0.625 mm

#### \*AXIAL ARTERIAL PHASE (not thin) - Soft tissue (ST) Kernel, machine-specific thickness (axial):

- GE = 2.5 mm
- Siemens = 2 mm
- Toshiba = 2 mm

#### \*AXIAL DELAYED PHASE - Soft tissue (ST) Kernel, machine-specific thickness (axial):

- GE = 1.25 mm
- Siemens = 1.2 mm (or 1.5 mm on older generation)
- Toshiba = 1.5 mm

#### \*AXIAL ARTERIAL, Lung Kernel, machine-specific thickness

- GE = 1.25 mm
- Siemens = 1.2 mm (or 1.5 mm on older generation)
- Toshiba = 1.5 mm

#### \*DELAY Soft tissue (ST) Kernel, machine-specific thickness (axial):

- GE = 1.25 mm
- Siemens = 1.2 mm (or 1.5 mm on older generation)
- Toshiba = 1.5 mm





# **General Comments**

#### NOTE:

Use of IV contrast is preferred for most indications <u>aside from</u>: pulmonary nodule follow-up, HRCT, lung cancer screening, and in patients with a contraindication to iodinated contrast (see below).

#### **Contrast Relative Contraindications**

- Severe contrast allergy: anaphylaxis, laryngospasm, severe bronchospasm
  - If there is history of severe contrast allergy to IV contrast, avoid administration of oral contrast
- Acute kidney injury (AKI): Creatinine increase of greater than 30% over baseline
  - Reference hospital protocol (creatinine cut-off may vary)
- Chronic kidney disease (CKD) stage 4 or 5 (eGFR < 30 mL/min per 1.73 m<sup>2</sup>) NOT on dialysis
  - Reference hospital protocol

# **Contrast Allergy Protocol**

- Per hospital protocol
- Discuss with radiologist as necessary

#### **Hydration Protocol**

• For eGFR **30-45 mL/min** per 1.73 m<sup>2</sup>: Follow approved hydration protocol

#### IV Contrast (where indicated)

- Isovue 370 is the default intravenous contrast agent
  - See specific protocols for contrast volume and injection rate
- If Isovue 370 is unavailable:
  - Osmolality 350-370 (i.e., Omnipaque 250): Use same volume as Isovue 370
  - Osmolality 380-320 (i.e., Isovue 300, Visipaque): Use indicated volume + 25 mL (not to exceed 125 mL total contrast)

#### **Oral Contrast**

- Dilutions to be performed per site/hospital policy (unless otherwise listed)
- Volumes to be given per site/hospital policy (unless otherwise listed)
- TRA-MINW document is available for reference if necessary (see website)

#### **Brief Summary**

- Chest only
  - ✓ Chest W. Chest WO
  - ✓ CTPE
  - ✓ HRCT
  - ✓ Low Dose Screening/Nodule



- None
- Pelvis only
  - ✓ Pelvis W, Pelvis WO
    - Water, full instructions as indicated
- Routine, excluding chest only and pelvis only
  - ✓ Abd W, Abd WO
  - ✓ Abd/Pel W, Abd/Pel WO
  - ✓ Chest/Abd W, Chest/Abd WO
  - ✓ Chest/Abd/Pel W, Chest/Abd/Pel WO
  - ✓ Neck/Chest/Abd/Pel W, Neck/Chest Abd Pel WO
  - ✓ CTPE + Abd/Pel W
    - TRA-MINW offices: Dilute Isovue-370
    - Hospital sites:
      - ED: Water, if possible
      - Inpatient: prefer Dilute Isovue 370
        - Gastrografin OK if Isovue unavailable
        - Avoid Barium (Readi-Cat)
      - FHS/MHS Outpatient: Gastrografin and/or Barium (Readi-Cat)
- Multiphase abdomen/pelvis
  - ✓ Liver, pancreas
    - Water, full instructions as indicated
  - ✓ Renal, adrenal
    - None
- CTA abdomen/pelvis
  - ✓ Mesenteric ischemia, acute GI bleed, endograft
    - Water, full instructions as indicated
- Enterography
  - o Breeza, full instructions as indicated
- Esophogram
  - o Dilute Isovue 370, full instructions as indicated
- Cystogram, Urogram
  - None



- <u>Venogram</u>
  - o Water, full instructions as indicated