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# MRI Abdomen Protocol – Truncated MRCP WO CONTRAST

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**Only use:** This is a truncated protocol for use <u>only</u> in re-evaluation of a pancreatic cystic lesion (typically a suspected IPMN) that has already been evaluated with a full, contrast-enhanced pancreas protocol MRI. Please check with body radiologist to confirm the appropriateness of this protocol before performing.

Only 5 non-localizer sequences will be obtained: Coronal T2, axial T2 FS, MRCP sequence (see two options below), DWI, and axial T1FS

Patient prep: Should be NPO for 4 hours prior to study. Have patient void prior to scan.

Oral contrast: None.

Coil: Body coil.

**Coverage:** Position the coil such that there is good coverage and signal from the liver and pancreas. Ensure that entire liver and pancreas are covered on all series.

Intravenous contrast: None.

Anti-peristaltic agent: None.

#### Sequences:

- 1. Localizer
- 2. Coronal T2 Ultra fast SE (HASTE, SSFSE, FASE) without fat suppression
  - a. Multi-breath hold as needed
  - b. Complete front to back coverage
  - c. Goal parameters
    - i. Large FOV (400-450 mm)
    - ii. 7 mm thickness, 25% gap (1.5 mm)
- 3. Axial T2 Ultra fast SE (HASTE, SSFSE, FASE) thin slice with fat suppression



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- a. Multiple breath holds as needed
- b. Slices should include coverage of the intrahepatic biliary tree, extrahepatic biliary tree and pancreatic duct
- c. Goal parameters
  - i. Slice thickness 3-4 mm, 0% gap

#### 4. Coronal 3D T2 TSE (SPACE, CUBE, VISTA)

- a. Preferred "MRCP" sequence
- b. Respiratory navigated
- c. Slices should include coverage of the intrahepatic biliary tree, extrahepatic biliary tree and pancreatic duct
- d. 3D MIP recons with 2 plane rotation

# 5. Optional: Perform only if 3D T2 (sequence #4) is unable to be performed. Coronal T2 Ultra fast SE (HASTE, SSFSE, FASE) thin slice with fat suppression

- a. Alternative "MRCP" sequence
- b. Multiple breath holds as needed
- c. Slices should include coverage of the intrahepatic biliary tree, extrahepatic biliary tree and pancreatic duct
- d. Goal parameters
  - i. Slice thickness 3-4 mm, 0% gap

### 6. Axial DWI with ADC map

- a. Free breathing
- b. Slices extend from dome of liver to inferior aspects of liver and pancreas to include all intrahepatic biliary tree, extrahepatic biliary tree and pancreatic duct
- c. Mandatory parameters
  - i. B = 0/100/500/1000 and ADC map

#### 7. Axial T1 Ultra fast GE with fat suppression (VIBE, LAVA, TIGRE) precontrast

- a. Breath hold
- b. Slices extend from dome of liver to inferior aspects of liver and pancreas to include all intrahepatic biliary tree, extrahepatic biliary tree and pancreatic duct
- c. Goal parameters
  - i. Slab slices <= 3 mm

#### Appendix:



**MEDICAL IMAGING** 

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12 Insights Imaging (2012) 3:11–21

Table 1 Summary of MRCP imaging parameters

Parameter	T2-weighted breath-hold HASTE (liver down to ampulla)	3D T2-weighted FSE with respiratory triggering	T2 weighted breath-hold HASTE fat-saturated thick slab
TR/TE (ms)	1,000/83	1,800/678	4,500/752
Number of averages	1	1	1
Flip angle	150	180	180
Field of view (mm)	350 × 263	$380 \times 380$	350 × 350
Matrix size	256 × 146	384 × 380	384 × 300
Slice thickness (mm)	7 mm	1.5 mm	40 mm
Slice gap (mm)	0.7 mm	0 mm	N/A
Number of slices	20	40	1
Acquisition plane	Axial	Coronal oblique	Coronal
Half-Fourier factor	5/8	Phase-encoding: off Slice-encoding: 6/8	Phase encoding: 7/8
Parallel imaging acceleration factor	2	2	2
Receiver bandwidth (Hz/pixel)	391	260	150
Turbo factor	146	127	307
Oversampling	None	Slice: 20%	Phase: 33%

HASTE half-Fourier acquisition single shot turbo spin echo, FSE fast spin echo

## References

1. Griffin, N., Charles-Edwards, G. & Grant, L. A. Magnetic resonance cholangiopancreatography: the ABC of MRCP. Insights Imaging 3, 11–21 (2011).